

Starships D6 / Essex Large Landing Ship

Essex Large Landing Ship

The one problem that the Empire and every other spacefaring military force in history faced was large scale planetary landings. The typical way to accomplish such a task was to litter the sky with countless thousands of small transports, dropships and landing barges.

Over the millenia, there were a handful of larger landing craft capable of transporting larger amounts of troops and vehicles to the surface, however, most were not designed for long-range space travel and required much larger motherships to ferry them to the target system. One such larger landing ship was Haor Chall Engineering's C-9979 landing ship, made infamous during the Trade Federation's invasion of Naboo. The ship was massive, for its time, measuring more than three hundred meters in width. However, the ship was never picked up by the Old Republic due to the fleet lacking enough large scale starships capable of transporting a landing ship of this size.

When the Empire took power, it soon became evident that many planets would have to be pacified the hard way, with a full scale invasion. The emperor had long been aware of the need for a larger landing ship, having taken note of their effectiveness on Naboo. The first large scale landing ship designed for the Empire was Evakmar's corps transport, and was perhaps one of the most common planetary assault craft in the Imperial Navy.

However, with time comes technological development and advancement. The Empire began looking into newer and more efficient large landing ships. While the original Evakmar corps transports were more than adequate in serving their intended role, they were a bit too vulnerable and could easily be blown out of the sky before a landing could be accomplished. The next version of Evakmar's landing ship, the SX ("Essex"), would not only transport larger sums of troops and vehicles, but be able to engage other capital scale warships if provoked.

With an approximate forty percent increase in troop carrying capacity, fewer ships would be needed to conduct a large scale planetary invasion. In order to accommodate such a large amount of soldiers, the quarters were extremely small (only 3 meters by 3 meters), each with either two, four or six bunks inside -

depending upon the rank of the soldiers inside. Nine full decks of the ship were dedicated to housing the troops, each with massive stairwells descending into the staging decks where the landing ramps were located.

As for the vehicles, many were stored on the staging decks while others were stored in deep vehicle storage bays on the decks immediately above. The vehicles in deep storage would be brought down to the staging decks as fast as possible during a landing operation.

Not only did this new vessel sport troop and vehicle capacity, but also a pair of hangar bays along the starboard and port sides, each concealing an assortment of landing ships and other transports as well as two squadrons of TIE fighters to provide both defense to the ship and air support for newly deployed ground forces.

This, in addition to the assortment of turbolasers, ion cannons and concussion missile launchers, the Essex was more than capable of clearing landing zones and taking out any threat daring enough to attempt an attack.

As soon as a landing began, vehicle crews would man their vehicles and await touchdown. Upon landing, either in a naturally clear and flat area or a recently flattened area, dozens of massive ramps would immediately drop and begin releasing troops and vehicles at an incredible rate. Once the staging decks had been cleared, additional vehicles from deep storage and additional troopers, still waiting in the corridors of the lower troop decks, would enter the staging decks and then descend the ramps as soon as possible. Any ground resistance would come under the fire of the carrier's heavy weaponry as well as the immense onslaught of the disembarking forces.

In order to make a planetary landing, the Essex relied heavily upon the use of gravity, more or less falling through the atmosphere and engaging its extensive repulsorlift drive arrays near the end of the flight in order to make a relatively smooth landing. However, reaching space is a great drain upon the vessel. The repulsorlifts, in combination with the ship's ion drives, are strained to make a slow climb back to orbit. Depending upon the gravitational pull of a planet, some systems may have to be shutdown to divert power to either the repulsorlifts or the ion drives.

While there were very few instances that the Essex was actually used in great numbers, the most notable was the invasion of Krewdr Prime near the Expanse, shortly before the Battle of Endor. Intense orbital bombardment followed by nearly a monthlong blockade didn't seem to phase the locals, forcing Moff Firk to order the invasion and Krewdr. Ten Essex carriers in addition to several hundred dropships, landing barges and shuttles descended upon the helpless world.

Within two hours, nearly three million troops and vehicles had been landed and within a week the planet was secured.

The first of the new Essex carrier-landers left the Kuat staryards shortly prior to the events leading up to the Battle of Hoth, approximately the same time the first Executor-class starships were commissioned. The vessels were mass produced and deployed to priority commands as fast as they could be built. By the Battle of Calamari, during the emperor's return, one Essex could be found for every seven corps transports in the fleet.

Craft: Evakmar Corporation's SX "Essex"

Type: Large landing ship

Scale: Capital

Length: 1,200 meters

Skill: Capital ship piloting: Essex landing ship

Crew: 3,251; gunners: 67; skeleton: 925/+20

Crew Skill: Astrogation 4D, capital ship gunnery 4D+2, capital ship piloting 5D+1, capital ship shields 4D+1, starship gunnery 4D

Passengers: 96,144 (troops)

Consumables: 2 months

Cargo Capacity: 600,000 metric tons (unloaded), 2,000 metric tons (loaded)

Hyperdrive Multiplier: x2

Hyperdrive Backup: x18

Nav Computer: Yes

Manuverability: 1D (0D in atmosphere)

Space: 4

Atmosphere: 280; 800 kmh (landing), 225; 650 kmh (on return flight)

Hull: 4D+1

Shields: 2D+2

Sensors:

Passive: 40/1D

Search: 90/2D

Scan: 160/3D

Focus: 2/3D+2

Weapons:

5 Turbolaser Batteries

Fire Arc: 1 front, 2 left, 2 right

Crew: 2

Skill: Capital ship gunnery

Fire Control: 4D

Space Range: 3-15/35/75

Atmosphere Range: 6-30/70/150 km

Damage: 5D

16 Quad Laser Cannons

Fire Arc: 4 front, 5 left, 5 right, 2 back

Crew: 1

Scale: Starfighter

Skill: Starship gunnery

Fire Control: 4D

Space Range: 1-3/12/25

Atmosphere Range: 100-300/1.2/2.5 km

Damage: 4D

15 Ion Cannons

Fire Arc: 5 front, 5 left, 5 right

Crew: 1

Scale: Starfighter

Skill: Starship gunnery

Fire Control: 2D+2

Space Range: 1-10/25/50

Atmosphere Range: 2-20/50/100 km

Damage: 3D

5 Concussion Missile Launchers

Fire Arc: Front

Crew: 2

Skill: Capital ship gunnery

Fire Control: 2D

Space Range: 2-12/30/60

Atmosphere Range: 4-24/60/120 km

Damage: 9D

7 Tractor Beam Projectors

Fire Arc: 3 front, 2 left, 2 right

Crew: 3

Skill: Capital ship gunnery

Fire Control: 4D

Space Range: 1-5/15/30

Atmosphere Range: 2-10/30/60 km

Damage: 6D

Starship Complement:

24 starfighters, typically:

12 TIE/ln

6 TIE/ae aerospace fighters or 6 additional TIE/ln

6 TIE/gt or 6 TIE bombers

1 Lambda-class shuttle

2 Sentinel landing ships

3 stormtrooper transports

Ground/Air Complement:

25 AT-ATs, juggernauts or floating fortresses

50 AT-STs, repulsortanks or hoverscouts

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